## **Example Calculations Involving the Mole**

## A. Calculations Involving Atoms

• Eg: Calculate the mass, in grams, of 2.00 mol of calcium atoms.

Given: 
$$n_{Ca} = 2.00 \text{ mol}$$
  
 $M_{Ca} = 40.08 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Required: 
$$m_{Ca} = ? g$$

Analysis: 
$$m = n \times M$$

Solution: 
$$m_{Ca} = 2.00 \text{ mol x } 40.08 \text{ g/mol}$$
  
= 80.16 g

Paraphrase: The mass of 2.00 mol of calcium is 80.16g.

• Eg: How many atoms of sulphur are in a 230 g sample of pure sulfur?

Given: 
$$m_S = 230 \text{ g}$$
  
 $M_S = 32.06 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Required: 1. 
$$n_s = ? \text{ mol}$$
  
2.  $N_s = ? \text{ atoms}$ 

Analysis: 1. 
$$n_s = m_s/M_s$$
  
2.  $N_s = n_s \times N_A$ 

Solution: 1. 
$$n_s = 230 \text{ g}/32.06 \text{ g/mol}$$
  
= 7.17 mol  
2.  $N_s = 7.17 \text{mol} \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{atoms/mol}$   
= 4.32 x 10<sup>24</sup> atoms

Paraphrase: There are 4.32 x 10<sup>24</sup> atoms of sulphur in a 230 g sample.

## B. Calculations Involving Molecules and Compounds

o Eg: Calculate the mass of 2.00 mol of sodium fluoride.

Given: 
$$n_{NaF} = 2.00 \text{ mol}$$
  
 $M_{NaF} = 41.99 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Required: 
$$m_{NaF} = ?g$$

Analysis: 
$$m_{NaF} = M_{NaF} \times n_{NaF}$$

Solution: 
$$m_{NaF} = 41.99 \text{ g/mol x } 2.00 \text{ mol}$$
  
= 84.00 g

Paraphrase: The mass of 2.00 mol of sodium fluoride is 84.00g.

 $\circ$  Eg: How many molecules of Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, are in a 77.2 g sample?

Given: 
$$m_{Fe2O3} = 77.2 \text{ g}$$
  
 $M_{Fe2O3} = 159.7 \text{ g/mol}$ 

Required: 1. 
$$n_{Fe2O3} = ? mol$$
  
2.  $N_{Fe2O3} = ? molecules$ 

Analysis: 1. 
$$n_{Fe2O3} = m_{Fe2O3}/N_{Fe2O3}$$
  
2.  $N_{Fe2O3} = n_{Fe2O3} \times N_A$ 

Solution: 1. 
$$n_{Fe2O3} = 77.2 \text{ g} / 159.7 \text{ g/mol}$$
  
= 0.483 mol

2. 
$$N_{Fe2O3} = 0.483 \text{mol x } 6.02 \text{x} 10^{23} \text{ molecule/mol}$$
  
= 2.91 x 10<sup>23</sup> molecules

Paraphrase: There are  $2.91 \times 10^{23}$  molecules of Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> in a 77.2g sample.